10

20

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

 A method for coupling plastic optical fibers, comprising:

providing a holder, which includes a groove for holding plastic optical fibers in a longitudinal direction; and

abutting and coupling opposed end faces of the plastic optical fibers together while causing the holder to apply a lateral pressure to the plastic optical fibers therein to sandwich the plastic optical fibers.

- 2. The method according to Claim 1, wherein the groove can encompass a cylindrical space occupying 50% or more of an entire outer circumference of each of the plastic optical fibers.
- 15 3. The method according to Claim 1, wherein at least one portion of plastic optical fibers is made of fluororesin.
 - 4. The method according to Claim 1, wherein the opposed end faces of the plastic optical fibers are abutted and coupled together with a refractive index matching agent interposed therebetween.
 - 5. The method according to Claim 1, wherein the groove of the holder has openings at opposite ends of the holder, the openings have inclined portions, and the opposed end faces of the respective plastic optical fibers are
- abutted and coupled together by introducing opposed ends of the plastic optical fibers from the openings into the

groove in the holder through the inclined portions by use of flexibility of the holder with the lateral pressure preliminarily applied thereto.

- 6. The method according to Claim 5, wherein the groove can encompass a cylindrical space occupying 50% or more of an entire outer circumference of each of the plastic optical fibers.
 - 7. The method according to Claim 5, wherein at least one portion of plastic optical fibers is made of fluororesin.
- 10 8. The method according to Claim 5, wherein the opposed end faces of the plastic optical fibers are abutted and coupled together with a refractive index matching agent interposed therebetween.
- 9. A plastic optical fiber unit including a coupled

 portion, the coupled portion formed by providing a holder,
 which includes a groove for holding plastic optical
 fibers in a longitudinal direction; and abutting opposed
 end faces of the plastic optical fibers while causing the
 holder to apply a lateral pressure to the plastic optical
 fibers therein to sandwich the plastic optical fibers.

 10. The plastic optical fiber unit according to Claim 9,
 wherein the groove can encompass a cylindrical space
 occupying 50% or more of an entire outer circumference of
- 25 11. The plastic optical fiber unit according to Claim 9, wherein at least one portion of the plastic optical

each of the plastic optical fibers.

. 10

fibers is made of fluororesin.

- 12. The plastic optical fiber unit according to Claim 9, wherein the opposed end faces of the plastic optical fibers are abutted and coupled together with a refractive index matching agent interposed therebetween.
- 13. The plastic optical fiber unit according to Claim 9, wherein the groove of the holder has openings at opposite ends of the holder, the openings have inclined portions, and the opposed end faces of the respective plastic optical fibers are abutted and coupled together to provide the coupled portion by introducing opposed ends of the plastic optical fibers from the openings into the groove in the holder through the inclined portions by use of flexibility of the holder with the lateral pressure preliminarily applied thereto.
- 14. The plastic optical fiber unit according to Claim 13, wherein the groove can encompass a cylindrical space occupying 50% or more of an entire outer circumference of each of the plastic optical fibers.
- 15. The plastic optical fiber unit according to Claim 13, wherein at least one portion of the plastic optical fibers is made of fluororesin.
 - 16. The plastic optical fiber unit according to Claim 13, wherein the opposed end faces of the plastic optical
- 25 fibers are abutted and coupled together with a refractive index matching agent interposed therebetween.